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30 APR 1965, dodd 5200.10 gp-4; USNSWC LTR, 26 APR 1976

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CO. B. T. THE PHATICS

U. S. MAZAL P. OZING GROUND DANK PEN, ZIPCINIA

REPORT NO. 1117

ARRHEAD ON RECTURISTICS

BALLISTICS OF TO THISE PROGMETTS

CONTINUES

Col. No. 1 CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION

Charles Hillian

CONFIDENTIAL

NPG REPORT NO. 1117

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

PART A

SYMOPSIS

- l. Tests of rod-producing warheads have indicated that rod-like fragments become increasingly difficult to obtain in high length/width ratios as fragment velocities rise above the 4000 ft./sac.rango. This test is the first of a series planned to further investigate this phenomenon.
- 2. Under the conditions of this test, 3/8" equare rods of 6-1/2" and 12-1/2" lengths were expelled from cylindrical warheads at average velocities of 3480 ft./860. and 3595 ft./eec., respectively. The only breaking of the rods occurred at the extreme orde.
- 3. A retallurgical examination of the rade was conducted, imcluding a determination of the hardness pathorn embedding through the rad from the employive face to the opposite olde. A considerable around of cold working of the rad material is evident.
- 4. The design of the markend will be control for future work to more nearly approximate a "free-rod" markend.

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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

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APPENDIX B - FRAGERNITATION AREAS	FIGURES 4-5 (Inol)
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Ballistics of Rod-Like Pragments

PART B

INTRODUCTION

1. AUTHORITY:

This test was authorized by reference (a) and conducted under Task Assignment Nos. NPG-Re3d-442-1-52 and NPG-Re3d-442-1-53, established by references (b) and (c).

2. REFERENCES:

- BUORD Conf ltr NP9 ke3d-AM:bc Ser 9607 of 29 June 1950
- BUORD Conf ltr HP9 Redd-WKB: hm Ser 23908 of 4 August 1951 **b**•
- BUORD Conf ltr HP9 Re3d-AH: be Ser 42653 of 29 July 1952 0.
- NPG Conf Report No. 1106 (To be published) d.
- NPG Conf Report No. 949 of 1 April 1952 ••
- NPG Conf Report No. 979 of 9 Hay 1952 NPG Conf Report No. 1009 of 14 July 1952 f.

3. BACKGROUND AND OBJECT OF TEST:

Tests of rod-producing warheads by the Naval Proving Ground and other activities have indicated that red-like fragments become increasingly difficult to obtain in length/width ratios of 24 or higher as velocities rise above the 4000 ft./soc. range (references (e), (f), and (g)).

Further investigation of this phonomenon indicated that while tapered rods would hold together at somewhat higher velocities than would the usual restangular rod, the performance at velocities proposed for misuile warhoads was not yielding design length rods. If this difficulty were insurmountable, the warhead designer would be left with two (2) alternatives; to reduce the initial velocity of the fraguents to that which would produce design length fragments, or to design the warhoads for rod-like fragments of length/ width ratios of as low as 5 up to possibly 12.

To aid in resolving this problem, it was desired to secure information concerning the break-up of rectangular rods expelled under optimum conditions at various velocities.

The Haval Proving Ground has designed, fabricated, and fired the first model of a warhead designed to give some indication of the optimum obtainable longth/width ratios in rod-like fragments from warhoads.

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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

PART O

DETAILS OF TEST

4. DESCRIPTION OF ITEMS UNDER TEST:

The warheads designed and fabricated for this test are shown in Figures 1-3, inclusive.

The outer wall of each warhead was a single row of rods, made by cutting 3/6" square bar stock (hot rolled AISI C-1025 stoel, as received) to the desired length. The rods fit into 1/4" deep grooves in the upper and lower rings and were welded with a single bead (one (1) pass) at each end, around the outside, to insurarigidity of the assembly.

The inner wall, forming the contral void, was fabricated of 20 gauge check iron. The space between the outer wall of rods and the inner shock iron wall was loaded with Composition C-3. The one (1) inch top space was also loaded with Composition C-3 after determining the emplosive weight in the annular space.

The empty and loaded weights were as follows:

Rd.	Rod Length	Enpty		Chg. Top	Cha. Wt.	Total Ut.
1	6-1/27	31.16 15.	7.39 15.	4.00 16.	11.39 16.	42.56 16.
2	6-1/2"	31.07 16.	7.34 18.	3.96 26.	11.30 15.	42.36 lb.
3	6-1/2"	31.21 lb.	7.32 16.	4.10 16.	11.42 16.	42.61 18.
4	12-1/2"	48.94 lb.	14.79 15.	4.08 16.	18.67 lb.	67.31 26.
5	12-1/2#	48.75 lb.	14.90 16.	4.11 15.	19.01 16.	67.75 lb.
6	12-1/2#	48.00 16.	14.83 16.	3.89 16.	18.72 lb.	67.49 1b.

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

5. PROCEDURE:

Each warhead was placed vertically on a stand, f or 7 feet high, at the center of the 30 foot radius fragment velocity arena. The fragment velocities were obtained by photographing, with two (2) high speed cameras, the detonation of the warhead and the subsequent impacts of the fragments on the steel flash plates at a distance of thirty (30) feet. An 1800 repeme synchronous meter clock, and a glow lamp and a one (1) kilocycle per second generator were used to establish the film rates for the sameras.

A pack of case fiber-board was used to recover a sample of the rods.

After each round the steel flash plates were photographed to show the impacts, and the impacts were then marked so that the impacts of the following round would be distinguishable. The image of the impact has been circled on the photographs, so that the impacts for a single round are readily discernible (Figures 6-17).

6. REBULTS AND DISCUSSION:

Detailed velocity data are given in Table I, Appendix (C). The average velocities were as follows:

nd. 1	6-1/2" rods	3560 ft./80c.	3470 ft./sac.
Rd. 2	6-1/2" roda	3440 ft./80c.	3450 ft./coc.
Rd. 3	6-1/2" rods	volocity missed become photographic equipments	ause of failure of
Rd. 4	12-1/2" rods	3600 ft./coc.	3660 ft./soc.
nd. 5	12-1/2" rods	3600 ft./sec.	3610 ft./eeo.
Rd. 6	12-1/2" rods	3560 ft./soc.	3520 ft./sec.

The average value for the 6-1/24 rods in 3480 ft./sec. and for the 12-1/24 rods 3595 ft./sec.

The impacts on the flack plates were nessured after each round, and these measurements are given in Table II, Appendix (D). Photos of the plates are included as Figures 6-17, inclusive. The rode recovered from the case fiber-board pack are shown in Figures 18 and 19.

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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

The impact lengths, as measured on the plates, indicate that a large percentage of the rods were either tumbling or were traveling with the long axis tilted at random angles from the normal to the trajectory. Hole dimensions, where given in the table, indicate a complete penetration of the flash plate of the length given.

Neither the impacts on the plates nor the rods recovered indicate any break-up of rods except at the extreme ends. The combination of the 1/4" deep grooves in which the rod ends were placed, and the weingle-pass" welding bead at the corners formed by the rods and the end plates, offered greater resistance to the release of the rods than was expected or desired. This caused the rods to bend and neck down before pulling out of the upper groove and to break at the weld at the lower end. The strength of the joint at the lower end of the rod probably accentuated the tip-off of the rods, and tended to cause tumbling.

It was originally planned that this first set of warheads would expel reds at a velocity where it was fairly certain the reds would be of design length. The next step was then to be a medification of the present design only by increasing the thickness of the emplosive annulus, until the memians velocity for design length reds was obtained. However, the condition of the reds recovered from this first firing indicates that the design of the warhead must be changed to more nearly approximate a "free-red" warhead if the optimum results are to be obtained.

One (1) of the 12-1/2" rods recovered from the fiber-board pack was sectioned at a point well removed from the ends. A cordes of Knoop hardness readings was token across this section, from a point as close as possible to the rod surface which had been toward the explosive to the opposite side. The values obtained are listed in table III and Figure 23, and photoslerographs of the rod grain structure are included as Figures 20, 21, and 22. The herdness of the rod material before firing was Rockwell D77, corresponding to a Knoop hardness number of 136 so that there is some increase of hardness throughout the rod thickness, and a maximum hardening of approximately 200 Knoop hardness numbers. It is interesting to note that this hardness pattern closely resembles that obtained in single rod firings from the Brod gun, " as shown in reference (d).

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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

Chemical analysis of the rod material indicated the following composition:

Chemical Analysis

<u>g</u> <u>p</u> <u>g</u> .012 - .014 .033 - .039

Spactrographic Analysis

\$1 Mn Cr N1 Mo Cu .16 - .18 .44 - .46 <.09 <.08 <.06 .07

Although this material was ordered as AISI C-1020 steel, the above analysis indicates that it was actually C-1025 steel.

PART D

CONCINSIONS

7. Under the conditions of this test, 3/8" square rods of 6-1/2" and 12-1/2" longths were expelled from cylindrical Carbade at average velocities of 3480 ft./sec. and 3595 ft./sec., respectively. The only breaking of the rods occurred at the entreme ends.

A motallurgical excuination of the rods was conducted, including a determination of the hardness pattern extending through the rod from the explosive face to the opposite side. A considerable amount of cold working of the rod material is evident.

The design of the warhead will be changed for future work to more nearly approximate a "free-rod" warhead.

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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

The tests upon which this report is based were conducted bys
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Ordnance Officer
By direction

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NPG REPORT NO. 1117

U. S. HAVAL PROVING GROUND DAHLGREN, VIRGINIA

Fifteenth Partial Report

on

Warhoad Characteristics

Fourth Partial Report

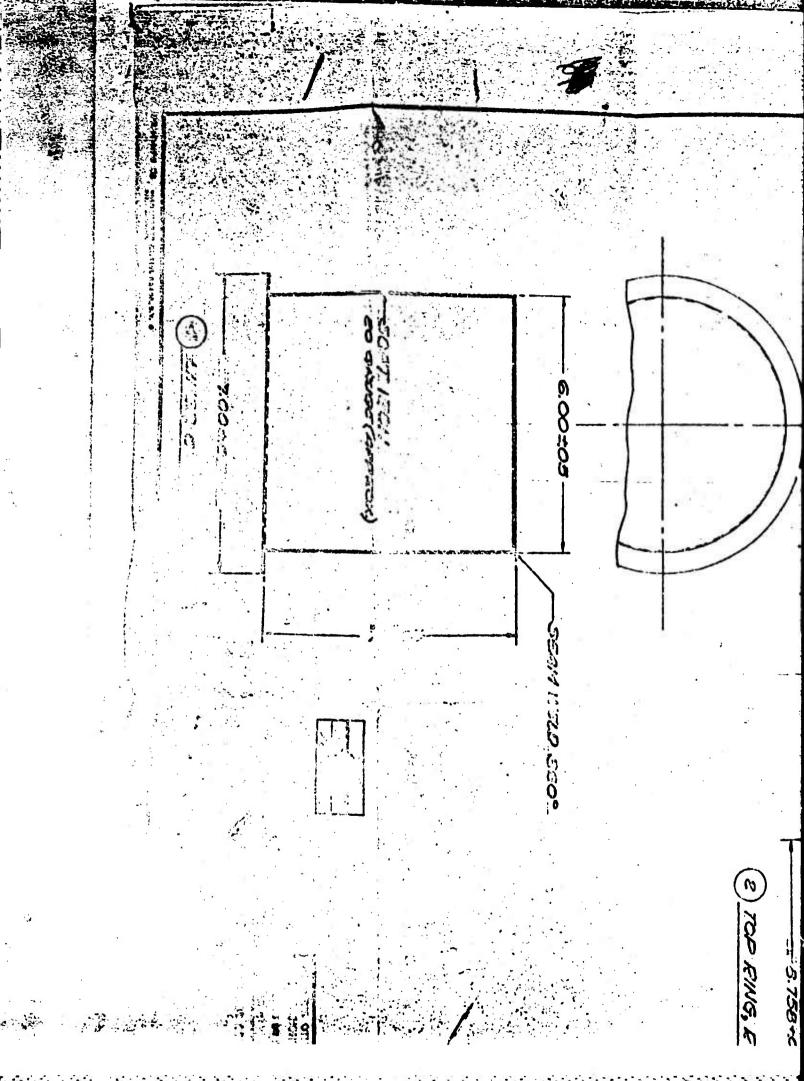
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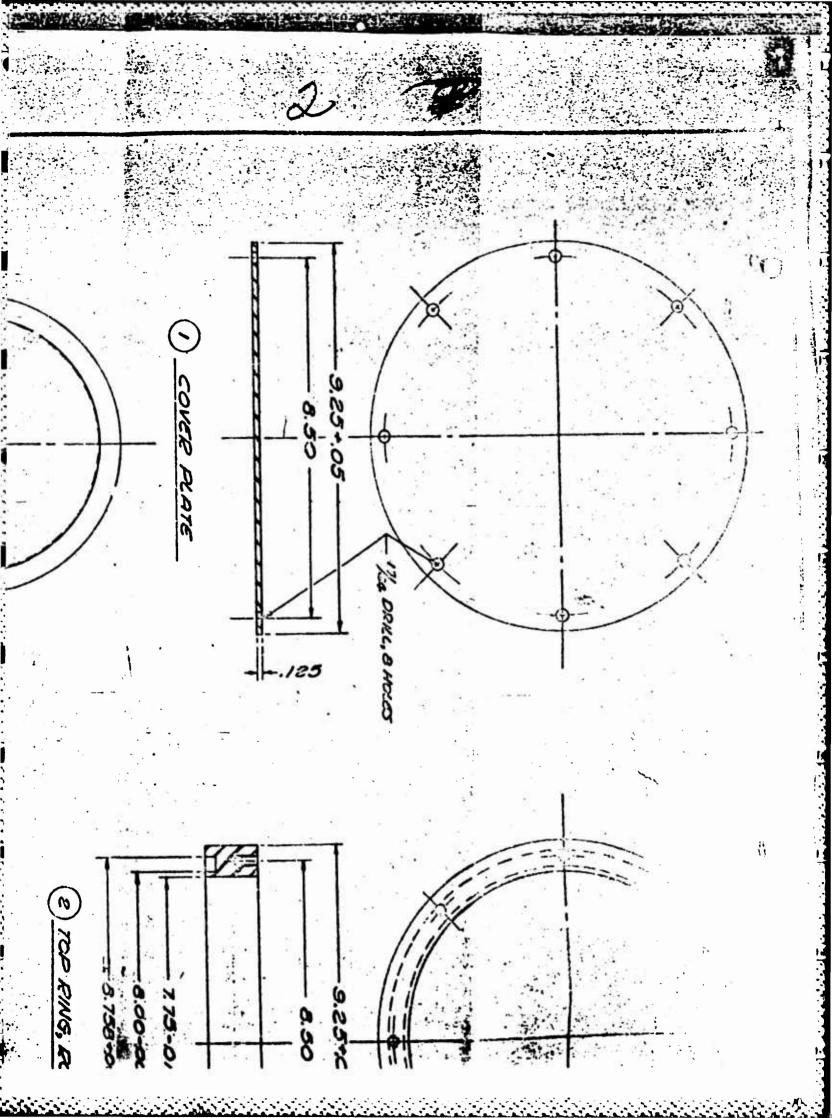
Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

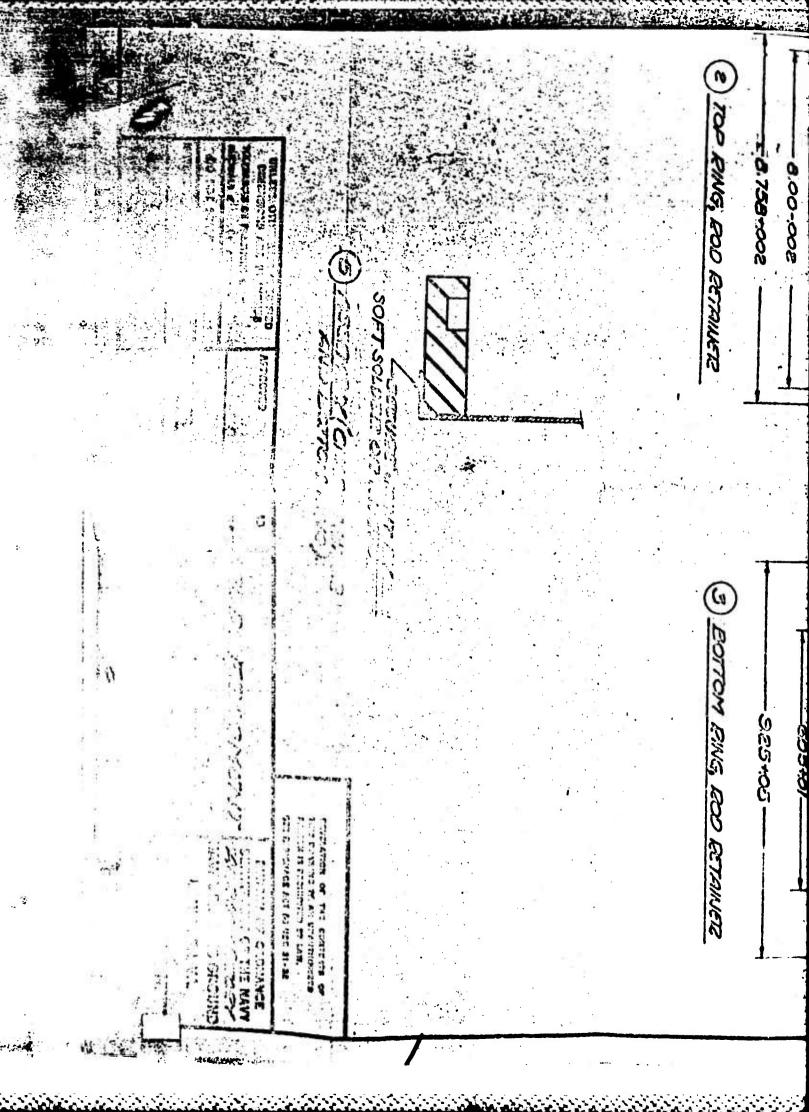
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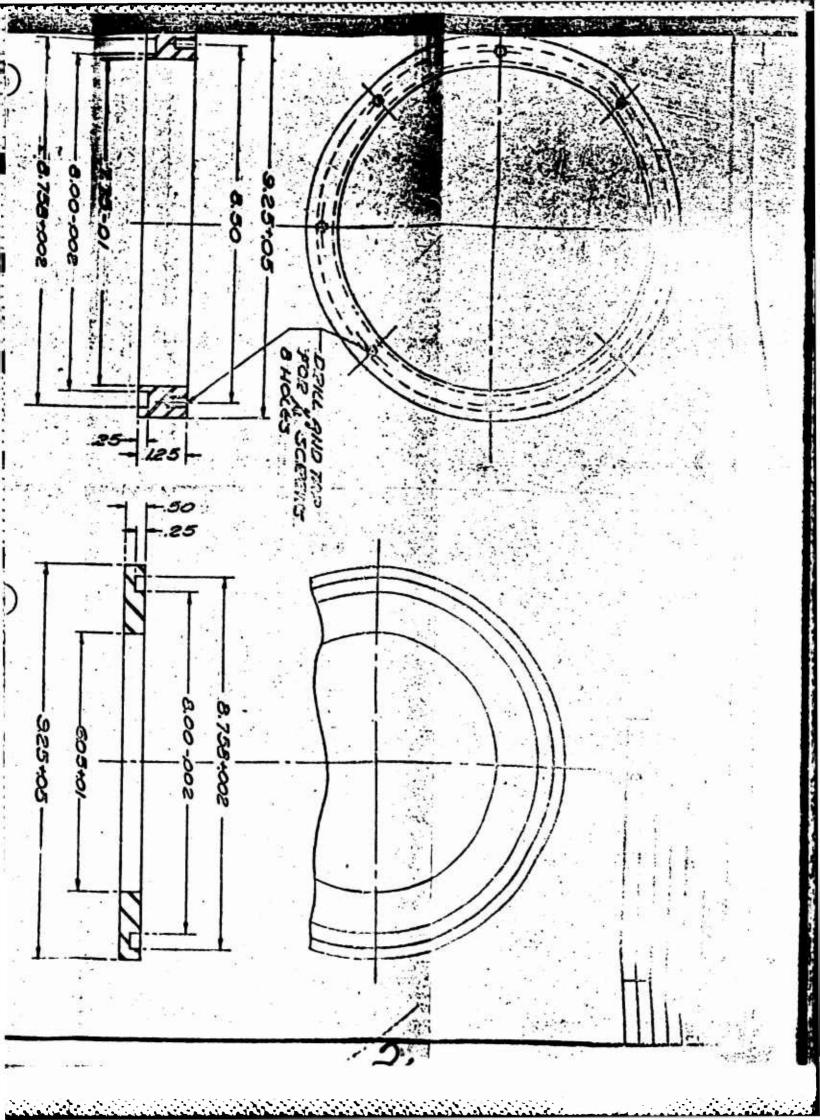
APR 1 5 1953.

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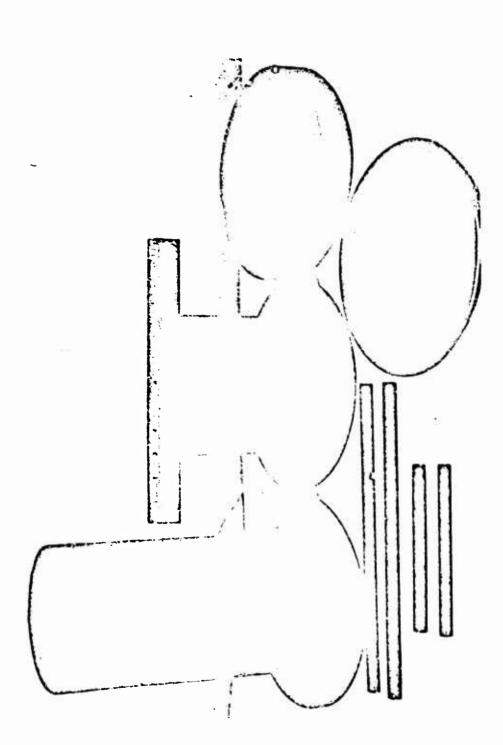




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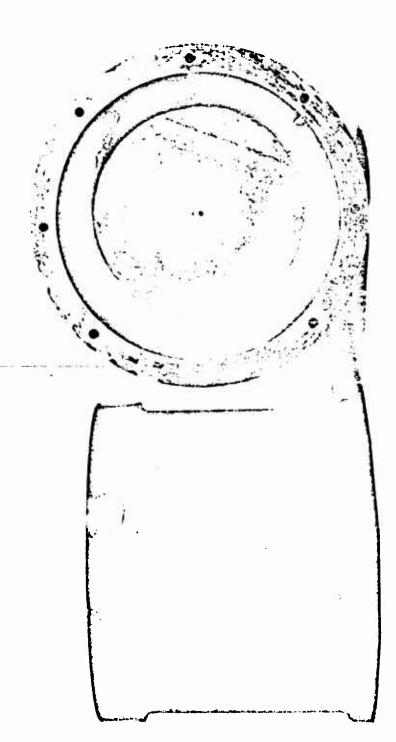
Photograph of Representative Warhead Components, Photograph of Representative 2



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CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION 1 May 1952 NP9-51531

Photograph of Assembled Marhead.



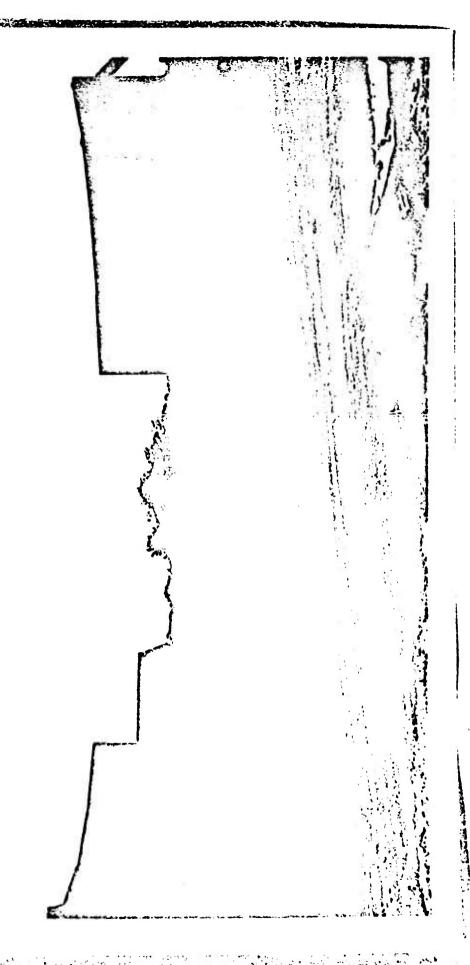
GONFIDWRITAL SECURITY INFORMATION OF Velocity Arena. The flash plutes are on the right and left sides, the cane fibre board recovery pack and the 6-1/2" warhead, in position for firing, are in the center. 1 Kmy 1952 NP9-51532

學司等於人

CONTINUATION TRANSPORTION THE THREE THE LIBER Photograph of Velocity Arena after firing of three 6-1/2" warbeads, round of the 12-1/2" warbeads is in position for firing.

Pigure 5 1 May 1952 NT9-51533

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NPG EXPORT NO. 1117

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I

FRAGMENT VELOCITY DATA

35mm Pastax Camera

4680 frames per sec.

Rd. 1, Camera 1

Frame in Which Hit Occurred	No. Fregments	Yalogity (?/si
38	7	3700
. 39	14	3600
40	3	3510
41	2	3420
42	1	3340
43	3	3260
Modian		3530 ft./800.
Average		3560 ft./sec.

0

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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Fastax Camera

4680 frames per sec.

Rd, 1, Camera 2

6-1/2" Roda

Frame in Which Hit Occurred	No. Fragrants	Volocity (I/F)
39	· 7	3600
40	9	3510
41	2	3420
42	2	3340
43	ı	3260
44	1	3190
45	· 1	3120
Hedian		3840 280/0000
Average	72	3470 108/0000

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NPG REPORT NO. 1117

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Pactax Camera

4670 frames per sec.

Rd. 2, Camera 1

Frame in Which	Ho. Fragmento	Velocity (%/8)
	4	35.96
39	in ii	3500
40	5	3420
41	1	3340
42		3260
43	2	3100
L.L. .	1	3110
45	1	<i>J</i>
		3420 86./596.
Hedian		3440 25./000.
Avorage		

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NPG REPORT NO. 1117

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Fastax Camera

4713 frames per sec.

Rd. 2, Camera 2

Frame in Which Hit Occurred	No. Fragments	Velocity (f/s)
39	2	3620
40	11	3540
41.	, 9	3450
42	2	3370
43	2	3290
44	1	3210
45	2	3140
Hodian	-	3450 ft./sec.
Average		3450 It./2000.

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MPG REPORT NO. 1117

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

. TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Pastax Camera

4730 frames per sec.

Rd. 4, Camera 1

' 12-1/2" Rods

Frame in Which Hit Occurred	No.Fragmonts	Valuativ (f/a)
- 37	4	3640
3 8	7	3730
39	9	3640
40	5	3550
41	4	346c
42	2	3ე80
43	2	3300
44	1	3220
Modian	· ·	3510 ft./600a
Average		3600 18./290.

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MPG REPORT NO. 1117

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Pastax Camera

4763 frames per sec.

Rd. 4, Camera 2

Frame in Which	No. Fragments	Velocity (1/2)
37	6	3860
38	7	3760
39	5	3660
40	2	3570
41	3	3%©
42	3	3500
42		3650 5%-/000-
!!odian		
Avorage		3830 28./890.

0



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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TARCE I (Continued)

35mm Fastax Camera

4690 frames per sec.

Rd. 5, Camera 1

Frame in Which Hit Occurred	No. Fragmonts	Velocity (f/s)
37	2	3800
38	10	3700
39	11	3610
40	3	3520
41	0	646
42	2	3350
43	. 2	3270
,		3620 ft./sec.
Hodian		3600 ft./sec.
Average		•

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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Pastax Camera

4775 frames per sec.

Rd. 5, Camera 2

Frame in Which Het Occurred	No. Pragments	Valocity (1/2)
37	1	3870
38	9	3770
39	9	3670
. 40	5	3580
41	3	3490
42	3	3410
42 .	2	3330
•	1	3180
44	-	
Modian		3650 ft./sec.
Average		3610 ft./sec.

0

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NPG REPORT NO. 1117

Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Fastax Camera

4789 frames per sec.

Rd. 6, Camera 1 -

Frame in Which Hit Occurred	No. Fragments	Volocity (f/s)
38	2	3780
39	. = 11	3680
40	4	3590
41	2	3500
42	4	3420
43	3	3340
44	2	3260
Median		3560 ft./sec.
Average		3560 ft./sac.

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. Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE I (Continued)

35mm Fastax Camera

4692 frames per sec.

Rd. 6, Camera 2

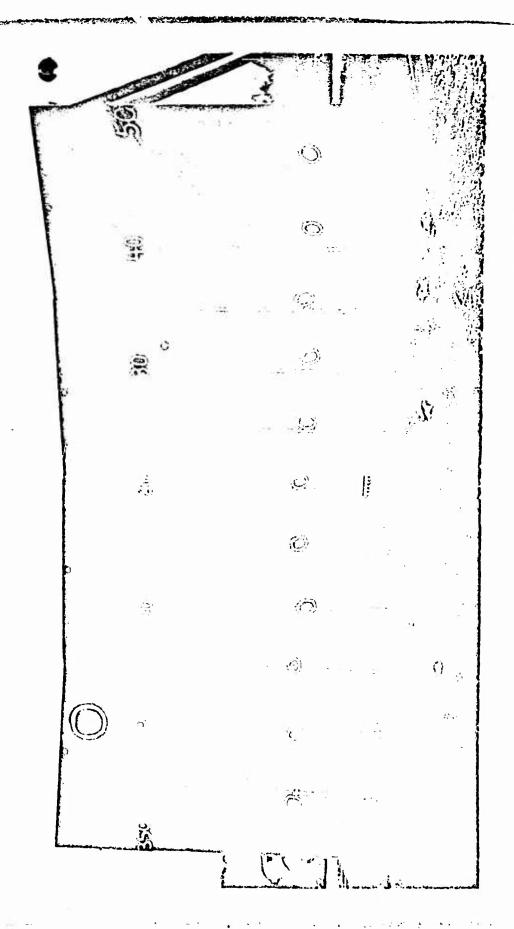
Frame in Which Hit Occurred	No. Fragments	Velocity (f/s)						
. 38	6	3700						
39	9	3610						
40	5	3520						
41	1	3430						
42	· 5	3350						
· 43	3	3270						
44	1	3200						
Hedian		3510 ft./sec.						
Average	emilionaria a	3520 ft./soo.						

	Fod &	12.5	1/2																		•	= -
	12-1/2	Irpuct (in.)	10-1/4	. 51	11-3/4	11-1/	**************************************	9-1/2	R	27	ឌ	12-1/4	1/2-3	8	8-3/2	11-1/4	10-1/4	ឧ	11-5/4	11-1/2	ä	11-5/4
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	12-1/2	Transt (fra)	3-1/2	ью	-	-	•	6-1/4	*	6-1/2	3/5-3	\$/2-3	12-1/4	23	1-1/4	27	?1	e H	11-3/8	ន	23	n-1%
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7'

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CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Left-hand Flash Plates after Round 1, Flgure 6 1 May 1952 NP9-51534



() CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Right-hand Flash Plates after Round 1. 6. NP9-51535

製造のできると、「日本のでは CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Left-hand Plash Plates after Round 2. 12 () NP9-51536

CONFINENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Right-hand Flash Plates after Round 2. ij MP9-51537

200 Ģ. 1

CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Left-hand Flash Plates after Round 3. Figure 10

NP9-51538

CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Right-hand Flash Plates after Round 3. Ö Ċ Ó ō 1 (J: IP9-51539

CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Left-hand Flash Plates after Round 4. $(\hat{\mathcal{Q}})$ (3) 3 がはないかなけるとなっているというというかん 77 (**a**) MP9-51540

Photograph of Right-hand Flash Plate after Round 4. -- 7 1 May 1952 MP9-51541

MP9-51542

Photograph of Left-hand Flash Plate after Round 5.

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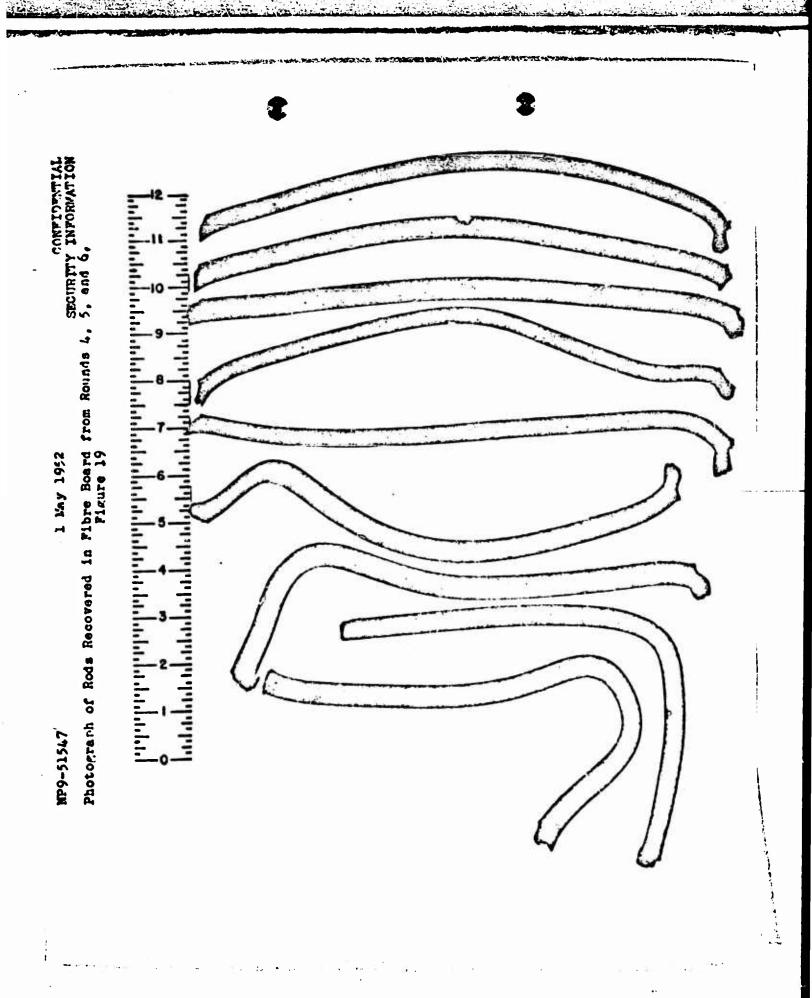
Photograph of Right-hand Flash Plate after Round 5. (C)(4.17) (ز ... 3.3

MP9-51543

CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Left-hand Flash Plate after Round 6. 0 , 1 T 15.20 MP9-51544

CONFIDENTIAL SECURITY INFORMATION Photograph of Right-hand Flash Plate after Round 6. NP9-51545

Photograph of Rods Recovered in Fibre Board from Hourds 1, 2, and 3, Figure 18 1 Eay 1952 NP9-51546



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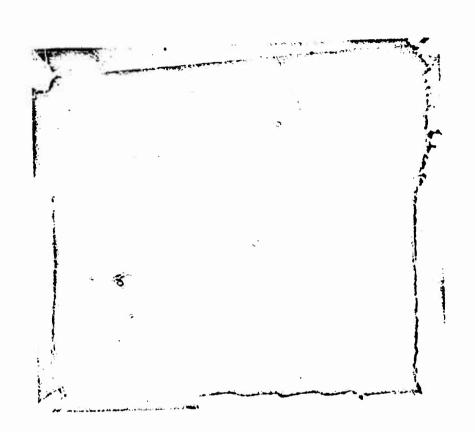
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Pallistics of Rod-Like Fragments

TABLE III
HARDNESS VS. DISTANCE ACROSS ROD CROSS SECTION

Distance from	Specimen No	. C-736 1	Kg. Load.	10.25mm Objective
Explosive			•	Knoop
Face (mm)	R-1	R-2	P.V.	Hardnoso
0.10	868	407	461	320
0.20	855	406	449	336
0.30	850	394	456	326
0.40	865	416	449	336
0.50	965	417	448	338
0.75	872	420	452	332
1.00	873	403	470	308
1.25	870	405	465	314
1.50	865	400	465	314
1.75	865	403	462	317
2.00	865	404	461	320
2.25	871	402	469	308
2.50	876	396	480	294
2.75	878	396	482	291
3.00	872	398	474	302
3.25	877	388	489	284
3.50	868	390	478	297
3.75	876	388	488	286
4.00	869	383	486	289
4.25	868	385	483	291
4.50	867	385	482	291
4.75	870	390	480	294
5.00	869	389	480	291
5.25	863	384	479	297
5.50	661	389	472	305
5.75	864	386	478	297
6.00	855	388	467	311
6.25	866	387	479	297
6.50	866	383	483	291
6.75	875	373	502	269
7.00	907	347	560	216
7.25	910	344.	5 6 6	211
7.50	906	347	559	217
7.75	895	347	548	. 226
8.00	892	348	544	229
8.25	887	347	540	232
8.50	886	345	541	231
8.75	900	318	582	199
8.83	Edge of Spe	cimon		

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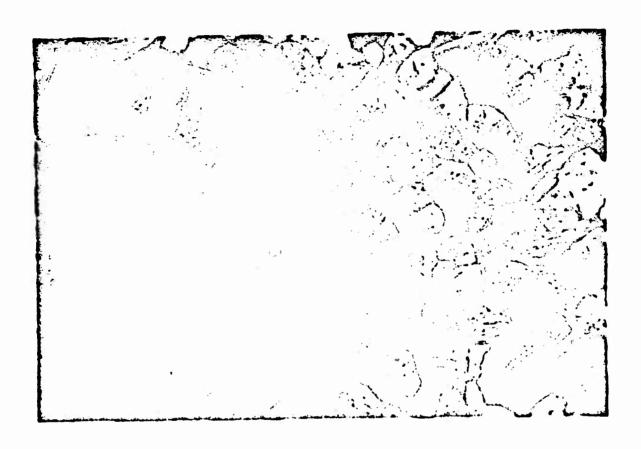
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Photomicrograph of cross-section of rod after firing. Explosive face is at the left. Dark band at the right is the soft region. (Nital-picral etch, 15%).

Pigure 20



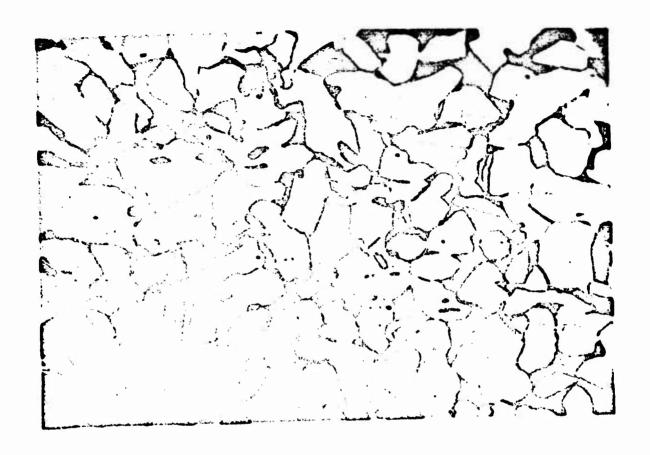
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Photomicrograph of severely worked portion of rod (left-hand side of Figure 20) showing considerable effects of cold working. The dark grains are pearlite, the light grains ferrite (Rital etch, 1000X).

Figure 21



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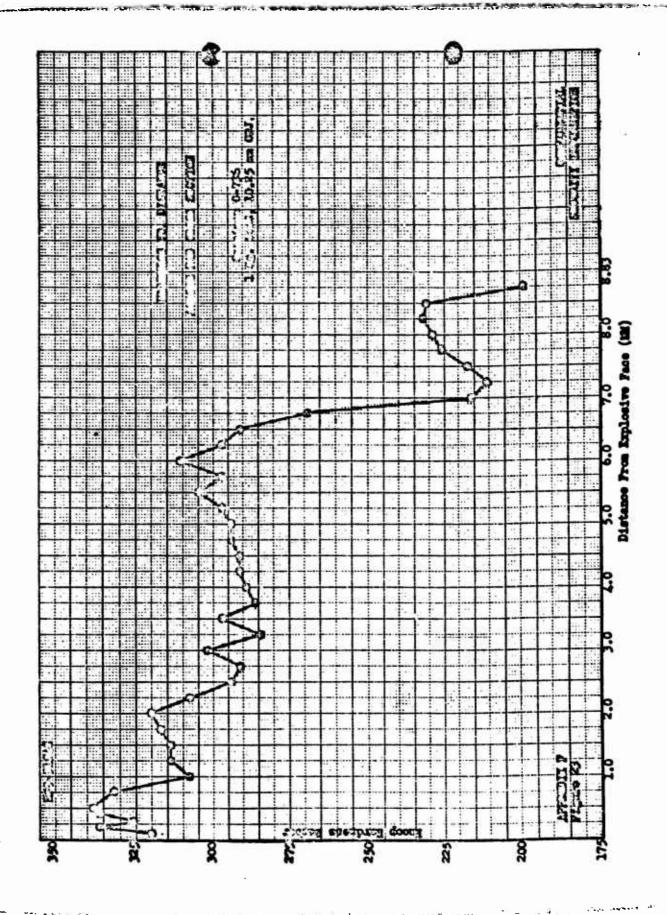
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Photomicrograph of softer portion of rod (right-hand side of Figure 20) showing some twinning and indicating moderate cold working. (Nital etch, 1000X).

Figure 22



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Ballistics of Rod-Like Fragments

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